

## **Certified Nurse Assistant Advanced**

### curriculum

Certified Nurse Assistant (CNA) provides direct care to patients in a nursing home and clinics or extended care facility. CNA's responsibilities include feeding and bathing patients, and specimen collection. The CNA also participates in rehabilitation and therapy programs under the supervision of registered Nurse.

#### **PART I: CNA SECTION**

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
UNIT 1  BASICS OF BEING A RCHF NURSE ASSISTANT	Theories of basic human needs Diversity The resident, resident's family, visitors(others)* The health care team Micro organisms The process of infection Medical asepsis Universal Precautions Exposure control OSHA Environmental Resident risk factors Accidents and incidents Disaster plan Responding to emergency codes Fire safety Choking and Heimlich maneuver Physical effects of aging process Abuse. Respect of all personal belongings Restraint safety	Hand washing     Using an ABC fireextinguisher     Heimlich Maneuver     Applies waist restraint	Communication and Interpersonal Skills (Core Values) Infection Control Safety and Emergency Procedures, incl. Heimlich maneuver Promoting Residents' Independence Respecting Residents' Rights Maintaining care & security of resident's personal possessions Avoiding the need for restraints
UNIT 2  BASIC NURSING SKILLS	The Respiratoryaaa and Circulatory Systems Taking and recording respirations Taking and recording temperatures Taking and recording respirations Measuring/recording height	Measure and record respiration     Measure and record oral temperature using a non-digital thermometer     Measure and record rectal temperature using a non-digital thermometer;	<ul> <li>Taking and recording vital sign</li> <li>Measuring and recording height and weight</li> <li>Caring for the resident's environment</li> <li>Recognizing abnormal changes in body functioning and the importance of reporting</li> </ul>

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
	Components and care of the resident's environment Include during admission, discharge, transfer Isolation Precautions Types of Patient/Resident Isolation Bedmaking	Measure and record radial pulse     Measure and record height;     Measure and record weight using balance scale     and chair scale     Makes an unoccupied bed     Make an occupied bed;     Use of personal protective equipment (PPE) - disposable gloves, gown, goggles and mask;     Follows isolation procedures in disposal of soiled linen     Provides post mortem care	such changes to a supervisor, including, but not limited to,  > Shortness of breath  > Rapid respirations  > Coughs  > Chills  > Difficult or painful urination  > Pain in chest or abdomen  • Freedom from pain  > Pain management  > Recognizing and reporting pain  • Care of the Dying Patient/Resident  > Care of dying patient/resident & significant others  > Care of the body and personal effects after death
UNIT 4  MENTAL HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICE NEED	Measure and record respiration     Measure and record oral temperature using a non-digital thermometer     Measure and record rectal temperature using a non-digital thermometer;     Measure and record radial pulse     Measure and record radial pulse     Measure and record weight;     Measure and record weight using balance scale     and chair scale     Makes an unoccupied bed     Make an occupied bed;     Use of personal protective equipment (PPE) - disposable gloves, gown, goggles and mask;     Follows isolation procedures in disposal of soiled linen     Provides post mortem care		<ul> <li>Changes in behavior and body, concept of loss</li> <li>Human behavior         <ul> <li>(Negative behavior)</li> <li>Appropriate interventions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Therapeutic intervention         <ul> <li>Verbally and/or physically aggressive behavior</li> <li>Inappropriate or self-destructive behavior</li> </ul> </li> <li>Personal choice and a sense of control         <ul> <li>Cultural diversity</li> <li>Resident dignity</li> <li>Resident confidentiality</li> </ul> </li> <li>Who is family         <ul> <li>Family reaction to placement</li> <li>Family adjustment to placement</li> <li>Family dynamics</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
UNIT 5  CARE OF RESIDENTS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS	Dealing with the Cognitively     Impaired Resident Resident Resident     Urinalysis     Blood Collection     Analysis of Blood     Microbiology and Immunology     Surgical Supplies and Instruments     Assisting with Surgical procedure     Principle of Electrocardiography	<ul> <li>Techniques for addressing the needs and behaviors of people with Alzheimer's disease</li> <li>Safety</li> <li>Wandering</li> <li>Understanding behaviors of cognitively impaired residents</li> <li>Methods of reducing the effects of cognitive impairments</li> </ul>	Techniques for addressing the unique needs and behaviors of individuals with dementia:  Alzheimer's Stage I  Alzheimer's Stage II  Alzheimer's Stage II  Care of Patients/ Residents with Special Needs Due to Medical Conditions such as but not limited to:  Stroke Respiratory problems Seizure disorders Cardiovascular disorders Sensory loss and deficits
UNIT 6  BASIC RESTORATIVE SERVICES	Training the resident in self care according to the resident's abilities  Use of assistive devices in transferring, ambulating, eating and dressing	Introduction to restorative nursing care  Understanding the role of PT, OT and the use of assistive devices in restorative nursing care  Use of assistive devices in eating  Use of assistive devices in dressing	Maintenance of range of motion     Proper turning and positioning in bed and chairs     Care and use of prosthetic and orthodontic devices     Care and use of prosthetic and orthodontic devices used in a restorative nursing environment
	CUREN	(ISED CLINICAL EXPEDIENC	E IN DUCE

# Internship Clinical Rotation

### SUPERVISED CLINICAL EXPERIENCE IN RHCF

Practice skills learned in classroom/lab in a clinical setting under the supervision of a registered nurse instructor.

### **PART II: EKG SESCTION**

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
Unit 1 Medical Terminology	<ul> <li>The heart: What is the heart</li> <li>Pericardium: The layer or sac that surrounds the heart.</li> <li>Myocardium: The middle layer.</li> <li>Endocardium: The innermost layer.</li> <li>Epicardium: The top layer.</li> <li>Conduction System of the Heart</li> <li>How does the conduction system work?</li> <li>Myocardial infarction: Commonly known as a heart attack</li> <li>Myocardial ischemia: Angina</li> </ul>		Opportunity to learn the structure of the heart     Trace the evolution of cardiology     Development of the roles of cardiologist and EKG technician in t he nineteenth and twentieth centuries
Unit 2 Introduction to EKG	Myocardial ischemia:     Angina     The Medical Assistant's     Role in     Electrocardiography and     Pulmonary Function     Testing     Equipment used by the     EKG Technician     The scope of the EKG     practice     Legal issues and     concerns of the medical     (EKG) technician		The ability to define Electrocardiography and how is it used as a diagnostic tool The ability to describe the heart including its structure functions.
Unit 3  Anatomy & Physiology	Medical terminology     The conduction system of the heart     The structure and function of the cardiovascular system		Identification of the anatomic structures of the cardiovascular system and the pathway of circulation through the heart to the tissues of the body     Recognition of the unique properties of cardiac cells that provide for their electrical and mechanical activity.

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
Unit 4	Safety considerations during the Cardiovascular Examination     The importance of infection control     OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration); universal precautions     Cleaning and maintenance of the equipment		The exam will require a basic understanding of the role of the EKG technician and the moral and legal considerations of the health care profession.
Unit 5 EKG Practice on Mannequin	The EKG Machine     ► EKG Leads     Performing an EKG:     ► Preparation for     the EKG Procedure     ► Identifying Anatomical     Landmarks     ► Applying the Electrodes     and Leads     Safety and Infection     Control     Operating the EKG     machine     Checking the EKG     Tracing     Troubleshooting Artifacts     andother Problems	Practice on Mannequin	Demonstrate proficiency by successfully performing a minimum oftwo instructor supervised EKG's on a mannequin with 100% proficiency
Unit 6 EKG Live Practice	<ul> <li>Practicing Electrocardiography on a volunteer</li> <li>Reading a Lead II EKG Strip:</li> <li>Sinus Rhythms</li> <li>Ectopic Beats</li> <li>Atrial Dysrhythmias</li> <li>Junctional Rhythms</li> <li>Ventricular Dysrhythrnias</li> <li>Asystole</li> </ul>	Practice on Mannequin	Demonstrate proficiency by successfully performing a minimum oftwo instructor supervised EKG's on a mannequin with 100% proficiency

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
Unit 7 Career Development	The Job Search Process Preparing Resumes The Cover Letter Preparing for the Job Interview The Job Application Preparation of Professional Portfolio The Thank You Letter	Participate in     an in-class     mock interview	Successfully prepare a career portfolio that will contain a resume, cover letter, thank you letter and references.     Successfully demonstrate successful job search techniques by locating a minimum of five positions in the medical field
Unit 8  NHA Examination Prep	Course is designed to assist students with preparation for the national certificationtest with NHA     Practice tests are formatted similarly to the national exam (multiplechoice) relative to the curriculum taught	In class mock     NHA Practice test	Exam Prep is designed to simulate the actual certification examination     Practice test is online assessment that can help the students gauge performance and identify areas for improvement

### PART III: PHLEBOTOMY SECTION

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
Unit 1 Introduction to Phlebotomy & Infection Control	<ul> <li>Introduction &amp; Duties to Phlebotomy Technician</li> <li>Occupational safety and health hazard administration OSHA</li> <li>Healthcare safety hazards</li> <li>Chain of infection</li> <li>Modes of transmission</li> <li>Breaking the chain of infection</li> <li>Hand hygiene</li> <li>Personal protective equipment</li> <li>Standard precautions</li> <li>What are blood borne pathogens</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Laboratory Departments</li> <li>Contact precautions</li> <li>Droplet precautions</li> <li>Airborne precautions</li> <li>Types and functions of PPE</li> <li>Selecting PPE</li> <li>Order of donning and removing PPE</li> <li>Post-exposure to bloodborne pathogens</li> <li>Bloodborne pathogen standards</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe the role of a phlebotomy technician</li> <li>Identifying potentially infectious patients</li> <li>Describe hazards faced by the workers</li> <li>Describe standard precautions</li> <li>Discuss and demonstrate the use of biohazard container in phlebotomy</li> <li>Discuss and describe bloodborne pathogen standards.</li> <li>Identify special considerations in phlebotomy</li> <li>Explain chain of infection</li> <li>Discuss modes of infection transmission</li> </ul>

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
Unit 2 Legal Issues in Healthcare	Civil law, Tort law Negligence vs. malpractice Basic elements of negligence Types of damages Criminal law, sources of laws, consent & its types, patient abuse & types Patients' rights American with Disabilities Act (ADA)		Discuss negligence versus malpractice Discuss the standard of care Discuss the basics elements of negligence Discuss and identify patients' rights Explain good Samaritan law Explain scope of practice Discuss and demonstrate patient consents and its types Discuss American with disabilities act (ADA).
Unit 3 Introduction to Human Anatomy & Physiology	Vascular system Human Blood & Connective Tissue Formed Elements & Proportion of Blood Red blood cell (RBC) White blood cells (WBC) Platelets Blood plasma Antibody and antigen Blood vessels Arterial system: Function & Structure Vasodilation Vasoconstriction Venous system: Function & Structure Capillaries: Function Veins for phlebotomy Human Anatomy:		Discuss functions of human body systems.

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
	Introduction to:  Heart  Integumentary system  Pulmonary System  Skeleton System  Nervous System  Urinary System  Digestive System  Endocrine System		
Unit 4  Medical Terminology			Identify and discuss basic medical terminologies
Unit 5 Phlebotomy Equipment & Supplies	Phlebotomy equipment & supplies Tourniquet Alcohol pads Gauze Bandage Needles Needle holder Sharps container Evacuated blood collection tubes & tube inversion technique Blood specimens in Phlebotomy Tube additives Blood collection color coded tubes Order of draw Dermal puncture Understanding capillary blood Equipment & supplies required for dermal puncture Capillary tubes Lancet Centrifuge	Specimen processing     Dermal puncture order of draw	Identify phlebotomy equipment used for performing phlebotomy Identify phlebotomy supplies used for performing phlebotomy Describe correct specimen transport, handling, and processing procedures Apply the knowledge learned to fulfill the job responsibilities of an entry-level phlebotomy technician.
Unit 6  Medical Terminology	<ul> <li>Capillary tube blood collection procedure</li> <li>Venipuncture using a multi sample needle (method)</li> <li>Venipuncture using a butterfly needle (method)</li> </ul>	Gloves removal     Bleeding time competency     Glucose testing competency     Blood smear	Discuss latex allergy and prevention. Identify and demonstrate gloves removal techniques Identify and demonstrate bleeding time competency

Units	Modules	Clinical Lab Skills	Takeaways
	Venipuncture using a syringe (method)  10 sticks of butterfly/finger/regular venipuncture on a mannequin/training arm with 100% accuracy	Phlebotomy Practice on mannequin training arm Practicing on a fellow student or volunteer by performing 10 each on each other or volunteer Perform the final butterfly, finger, and regular venipuncture, with 100% accuracy	Identify and demonstrate glucose testing competency Identify and demonstrate capillary tube blood collection procedure. Identify and demonstrate preparing a blood smear Identify and demonstrate venipuncture using a multi sample needle (method) Identify and demonstrate venipuncture using a butterfly needle (method) Identify and demonstrate venipuncture using a syringe (method) Identify and demonstrate venipuncture using a syringe (method) Demonstrate proficiency by successfully performing a minimum of two instructor supervised venipuncture on a mannequin with 100% proficiency Demonstrate techniques of performing venipuncture
Unit 7  Phlebotomy Fundamental Essentials	<ul> <li>Venipuncture complications</li> <li>Areas of concerns</li> <li>Specimen labeling</li> <li>Specimen handling (light, time &amp; temperature)</li> <li>Specimen transporting</li> <li>Blood Collection from Pediatric and Neonates</li> <li>Blood Collection for Legal Purposes</li> <li>Stool Specimen Collection</li> <li>Sputum Specimen Collection</li> <li>Throat Swab Specimen Collection</li> <li>Blood Donation Procedure</li> <li>Blood Donation Procedure</li> <li>Incident Report</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tourniquet test</li> <li>Rejection of Specimen</li> <li>Test requisition</li> <li>Blood Sugar Tests</li> <li>Blood Cultures</li> <li>Urine Specimen Collection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discuss phlebotomy complication</li> <li>Discuss the areas of concerns on phlebotomy</li> <li>Demonstrate techniques of performing dermal puncture</li> <li>Identify sites of venipuncture.</li> <li>Discuss and demonstrate tourniquet test.</li> <li>Discuss on how to avoid hemolysis</li> <li>Discuss and demonstrate proper specimen handling techniques</li> <li>Discuss and demonstrate proper specimen transporting</li> <li>Discuss the precautions to be considered</li> <li>Identify and discuss rejection of specimen</li> <li>Identify phlebotomy test requisition</li> </ul>

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			Discuss and demonstrate blood collection from pediatric and neonates  Discuss and demonstrate blood sugar tests. Discuss and demonstrate blood cultures Discuss and demonstrate blood collection for legal purposes Discuss and demonstrate urine specimen collection Discuss and demonstrate stool specimen collection Discuss and demonstrate stool specimen collection Discuss and demonstrate sputum specimen collection Discuss and demonstrate sputum specimen collection Discuss and demonstrate throat swab specimen collection Describe incident report Demonstrate proper documentation skills
Unit 8  Career Development Skills And Job Seeking	<ul> <li>Skills and Strategies</li> <li>Certification Exam Preparation</li> <li>Create a resume and cover letter.</li> <li>Interview Skills</li> <li>Phlebotomy NHA Certification</li> <li>Exam preparation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Practice interview skills during a mock interview</li> <li>Skills and Strategies</li> <li>Complete an online profile and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain job search methods</li> <li>Create a resume and cover letter</li> <li>Evaluate business performance and potential using financial statements</li> <li>Create a thank-you note for an interview</li> <li>Describe personality traits important to employers</li> <li>Explain common human resource hiring</li> </ul>